

Special Public Notice

Vicksburg District 4155 Clay Street Vicksburg, MS 39183-3435 www.mvk.usace.army.mil

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DATE: September 9, 2010 EFFECTIVE DATE: October 12, 2010

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Vicksburg District, announces the publication and one-year trial implementation period of the Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Interim Regional Supplement (Supplement) to the 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual (1987 This supplement was developed by wetland delineation experts from state and Federal agencies and academia with experience within this part of the country. It has been peer reviewed by an independent panel of scientists and practitioners and made available for 90-day public comment period. interim document will be tested for one year prior to finalization; the one year period will be effective 30 days from the date of this public notice. The supplement will be field tested by interagency teams of state and Federal scientists to assess its clarity and ease of use, and to determine whether its use will result in any spatial changes in wetland delineation for Clean Water Act purposes. Comments on this supplement should be submitted to Ms. Karen Mulligan (CECW-CO), U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 441 G Street, NW, Washington DC 20314-1000, or by email to 1987Manual@usace.army.mil.

The 1987 Manual, this Supplement, including data forms, as well as the independent peer review report and response document, the environmental assessment/FONSI prepared under NEPA, and copies of public comments are available on the Regulatory Homepage Website at http://www.usace.army.mil/CECW/Pages/reg_supp.aspx. The testing protocol and questionnaire are attached to this public notice.

The following guidance is superseded by this Supplement, and is hereby rescinded by this public notice:

"Implementation of the 1987 Corps Wetland Delineation Manual," memorandum from John P. Elmore, dated 27 August 1991.

"Questions & Answers on the 1987 Manual," memorandum from John F. Studt, dated 7 October 1991.

"Clarification and Interpretation of the 1987 Manual," memorandum from Major General Arthur E. Williams, dated 6 March 1992.

"Revisions to National Plant Lists," memorandum from Michael L. Davis, dated 17 January 1996.

"NRCS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils," memorandum from John F. Studt, dated 21 March 1997.

Region and subregion boundaries are depicted in these documents as sharp lines. However, climatic conditions and the physical and biological characteristics of landscapes do not change abruptly at the boundaries. In reality, regions and subregions often grade into one another in broad transition zones that may be tens or hundreds of miles wide. The lists of wetland indicators presented in these regional supplements may differ between adjoining regions or subregions. In transitional areas, investigators must use experience and good judgment to select the supplement and indicators that are appropriate to the site based on its physical and biological characteristics. boundaries are not likely to differ between two supplements in transitional areas, but one supplement may provide more detailed treatment of certain problem situations encountered on the site. If in doubt about which supplement to use in a transitional area, apply both supplements and compare the results. additional guidance, contact the appropriate Corps of Engineers District Regulatory Office. Contact information for District regulatory offices is available at the Corps Headquarters web http://www.usace.army.mil/CECW/Pages/cecwo_reg.aspx. site:

Effective 30 days from the date of this public notice, the supplement data forms and indicators must be used for any data collection for wetland delineations. Field data collected for wetland delineations using the 1987 Manual prior to the effective date of this notice, but not yet submitted to the

appropriate Corps District for review and formal approval will be grandfathered. Documentation must be submitted to the appropriate Corps District which clearly shows the field data was collected prior to 30 days from the date of this notice in order to qualify for this grandfather provision. Once this documentation and the field data have been reviewed and approved by the appropriate Corps District, a written jurisdictional determination will be issued.

While we are confident the supplement will improve the accuracy of wetland delineation in the Eastern Mountains and Piedmont, anyone performing a wetland delineation during this interim period using the Supplement who believes it has resulted in a significantly different boundary line than the 1987 Manual may also complete the delineation using the 1987 Manual and submit both delineations. Enough points to adequately describe the representative plant communities, soils, and hydrology of the site(s) and to clearly document the difference in boundaries between the two methods must be included. Data recorded on both the existing 1992 data forms and the new supplement data forms, maps indicating the location of the field site and data collection points (upland and wetland), and a completed field evaluation questionnaire for each delineation must be submitted as part of the jurisdictional determination request to the appropriate Corps District Office. The District will make the final determination based on analysis of all the submitted information. This information will also be used in evaluation and potential modification of the supplement.

If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Charles R. Allred, Jr. by telephone at (601) 631-5546, or Mr. Robert Ulmer at (601) 631-5637.

> Michael F. McNair, R.F. Chief, Regulatory Branch

Operations Division

Vary Lotter

Attachments

Field Testing Protocol

Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Regional Supplement

Organization of field testing teams:

District Offices of the Corps of Engineers in the Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region (see the list of District coordinators at the end of this document) will coordinate and oversee the field testing of the draft Regional Supplement. Field testing will be done in cooperation with regional NRCS, EPA, FWS, and other interested federal and state agencies and universities.

Field teams will consist of available interagency experts, with the constraint that each team must include an experienced botanist and a soil scientist to ensure the accuracy and reliability of the basic data.

If needed, the District coordinator will provide team members with an introduction to the Regional Supplement and will explain any new or unfamiliar indicators as necessary to avoid confusion over interpretation of the indicators.

Site Selection:

Testing teams should focus on areas where permitting activity is high. There is no need to sample remote areas unless convenient opportunities arise.

Sample a number of typical wetland sites in each District or subregion, plus a selection of available "problem" situations. Problem situations should include, if possible, areas with unusual plant communities or soil types that may lack indicators, requiring use of Chapter 5 (Difficult Wetland Situations in the Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region) to make the wetland determination.

Approach:

The basic testing approach is to document at least 2 sampling points at each field site, one point in the wetland and one point in the adjacent upland, and determine the location of the wetland boundary between them. The team should collaborate to make the determination and documentation as accurate as possible. Follow these general steps:

1. Document each sampling point based on existing practice (i.e., 1987 Manual with existing guidance memos and existing local interpretation). For each point, completely fill out the old (1992) wetland determination data form. Locate the wetland boundary based on current practice.

- Document each point using the new (Regional Supplement) data form. Locate the
 wetland boundary based on indicators and guidance given in the Regional
 Supplement.
- 3. If the two wetland boundaries are different, measure the distance between them.
- 4. Fill out the attached questionnaire (one copy per field site) to help explain any differences seen in the two methods.
- 5. For each field site sampled, submit the following items to the appropriate District coordinator:
 - a. Completed 1992 and Regional Supplement data forms for each sampling point
 - b. Sketch map of the site with sampling points, wetland boundaries, and any other important features indicated
 - c. One copy of the Field Evaluation Questionnaire
 - d. Optional brief report as necessary to explain test results

<u>List of Corps District Coordinators in the Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region:</u>

Charles Allred, U.S. Army Engineer District, Vicksburg, MS, 601-631-5546 Rodney Christensen, U.S. Army Engineer Kansas City District, Warsaw, MO, 816-389-3979 James (Randy) Clark, U.S. Army Engineer District, Memphis, TN, 901-544-0735 Andrew Commer, U.S. Army Engineer District, Tulsa, OK, 918-669-7616 Christine Delorier, U.S. Army Engineer District, New York, NY, 518-266-6354 Casey Ehorn, U.S. Army Engineer District, Mobile, AL, 205-290-9096 Thomas Fischer, U.S. Army Engineer District, Savannah, GA, 229-430-8566 Scott Hans, U.S. Army Engineer District, Pittsburgh, PA, 412-395-7154 Michael Hayduk, U.S. Army Engineer District, Philadelphia, PA, 215-656-5822 Amanda Jones, U.S. Army Engineer Wilmington District, Asheville, NC, 828-271-7980 x231 Joseph Kassler, U.S. Army Engineer District, Buffalo, NY, 716-879-4432 Kathleen Kuná, U.S. Army Engineer District, Nashville, TN, 615-369-7506 Keith McMullen, U.S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis, MO, 314-331-8582 Les Parker, U.S. Army Engineer District, Charleston, SC, 803-253-3904 Lee Pittman, U.S. Army Engineer District, Huntington, WV, 304-399-5210 Frank Plewa, U.S. Army Engineer District, Baltimore, MD, 717-249-2522 Tim Scott, U.S. Army Engineer District, Little Rock, AR, 501-324-5295 Ron Stouffer, U.S. Army Engineer Norfolk District, Dumfries, VA, 703-221-6967

Sam Werner, U.S. Army Engineer District, Louisville, KY, 812-853-5631

WETLAND DELINEATION FIELD EVALUATION QUESTIONNAIRE

This questionnaire should be completed for each boundary delineation performed. The assumption is that <u>two communities</u> were evaluated, one wetland (= "lower community") and one upland (= "upper community") so that a boundary between them could be identified. Fill in the blanks or check spaces as appropriate. Attach copies of the completed field data forms.

General Site Characteristics	Affiliation(s)
General Site Characteristics	
General Site Characteristics	
Is the sitetypical orproblematic? If problem	patic, explain:
Wetland (lower community)	
Ecological System:Saline TidalFresh Tida Wetland Type:ForestedShrubEmergent Other (specify	tMoss/LichenFarmed (hay or crop)
Other (specify	eSlopeFlat NonvegetatedSparse
Nonwetland (upper community)	
Habitat Type:Forest ShrubMeadow/Pr	rairieMoss/LichenFarmed
 Was there a marked difference in the two plant co Was there a gradual change in vegetation between "transition zone" between?YesNo. If so, h Was there an abrupt topographic change between 	n the two communities creating a significant now wide was this transition zone?feet
Boundary Determination	
Compare results from the two methods: (1) current p memos, and (2) 1987 Manual with the draft Regiona	
1. The wetland boundary was:the same orcolored 2. If different, which method produced the boundaryManual with current guidance orMax 3. What was the linear distance between the two boundary to what type of indicator(s) were responsible for the third productionMaximum and the colored transfer of the colored transfer	y higher on the landscape? nual with Regional Supplement undaries?feet

Assessment of the Indicators

Hydrophytic Vegetation

1. Did the lower community pass the current basic test for hydrophytic vegetation (i.e., >50% of the dominants had an indicator status of FAC or wetter, excluding FAC-)?YesNo 2. Did the lower community pass the "dominance test" in the Regional Supplement (i.e., >50% of the dominants were FAC or wetter, counting FAC- as FAC)?YesNo 3. What other indicators of hydrophytic vegetation were observed in the lower community?
a) List those from the Manual with current guidance:
b) List those from the Regional Supplement:
4. Was the vegetation in the lower community a problematic wetland community type? YesNo. If so, briefly describe and explain how the problem was handled
5. Did the upper community pass the current basic test for hydrophytic vegetation (i.e., >50% of the dominants had an indicator status of FAC or wetter, excluding FAC-)?YesNo 6. Did the upper community pass the "dominance test" in the Regional Supplement (i.e., >50% of the dominants were FAC or wetter, counting FAC- as FAC)?YesNo 7. What other indicators of hydrophytic vegetation were observed in the upper community? a) List those from the Manual with current guidance:
b) List those from the Regional Supplement:
8. Did both methods reach the same conclusion regarding the presence of hydrophytic vegetation for the upper community?YesNo. If not, briefly explain
9. Were the hydrophytic vegetation indicators in the Regional Supplement clearly described and easy to apply?YesNo. If not, briefly explain

Hydric Soil

. Did both methods find indicators of hydric soil in the lower community?YesNo a) List those from the Manual with current guidance:
b) List those from the Regional Supplement:
. Did the lower community contain a problematic hydric soil (i.e., one that lacked indicators)? YesNo. If so, briefly describe the problem and explain how it was handled:
. Did both methods reach the same conclusion regarding the presence of hydric soil in the upp ommunity?YesNo. If not, briefly explain a) List indicators from the Manual with current guidance:
b) List indicators from the Regional Supplement:
. Were the hydric soil indicators in the Regional Supplement clearly described and easy to pply?YesNo. If not, briefly explain
Vetland Hydrology
. Did both methods determine that wetland hydrology was present in the lower community? (Requires 1 primary indicator or 2 secondary indicators.)YesNo a) List indicators from the Manual with current guidance: Primary: Secondary:
b) List indicators from the Regional Supplement: Primary: Secondary:

	ame conclusion regarding wetland hydrology for the upper f not, briefly explain
a) List indicators from the Ma	
	Secondary:
b) List indicators from the Reg	* * *
Primary:	Secondary:
	ndicators in the Regional Supplement clearly described and eas
to apply?YesNo. If no	ot, briefly explain
Comments on the Regional Sur	oplement
Comments on the Regional Sup	
Were the indicators and proce	edures in the Supplement clear and easy to apply? could they be improved?
Were the indicators and proce	edures in the Supplement clear and easy to apply?
Were the indicators and proce	edures in the Supplement clear and easy to apply?
Were the indicators and proce	edures in the Supplement clear and easy to apply?
Were the indicators and proceYesNo. If not, how a	edures in the Supplement clear and easy to apply? could they be improved?
1. Were the indicators and proceYesNo. If not, how o	edures in the Supplement clear and easy to apply? could they be improved? onal Supplement make this wetland determination more
1. Were the indicators and proce YesNo. If not, how or	edures in the Supplement clear and easy to apply? could they be improved? onal Supplement make this wetland determination more

3. Based on your testing, do you want to recommend other indicators that should be considered			
r further evaluation?YesNo. List by indicator type:			
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Was the Regional Supplement's field data form complete, understandable, and easy to fill ou YesNo. If not, how could it be improved?			
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Any additional comments or suggestions?	_		
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